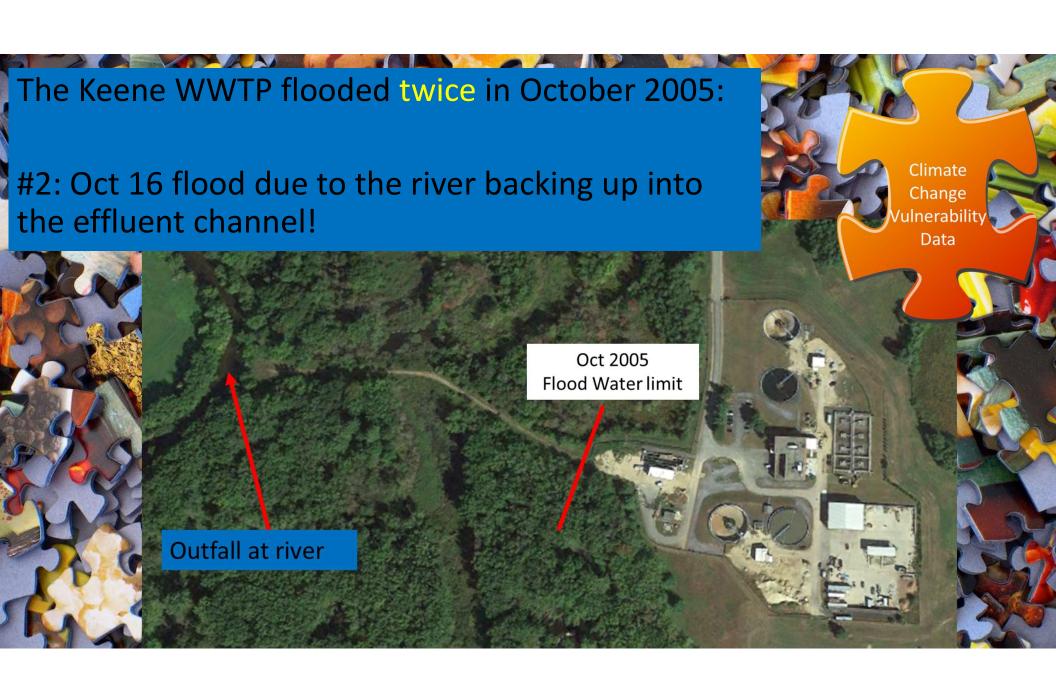




## Cleaning the Clarifier

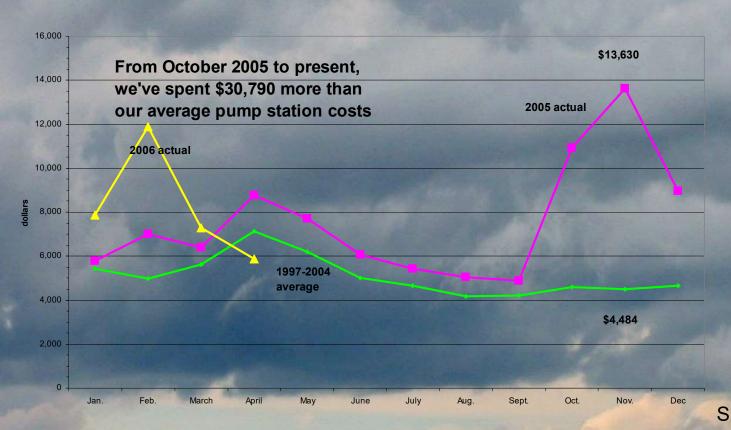
- 6 hours of grit removal to free the rake arm and get the clarifier back on line.
- Continued primary sludge pumping issues for another week.
- Nat'l Guard and Mutual Aid assistance needed.

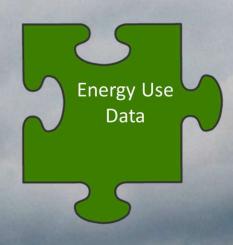






### Martell Court Pump Station Electric Costs





Slide provided by City of Keene

### Total \$ cost:

- Electric: \$30,900
- Personnel: \$9,800
- Equipment Repair:\$30,000
- Grit Removal: ~ \$65,000

• Total: \$135,700



Energy Use Data

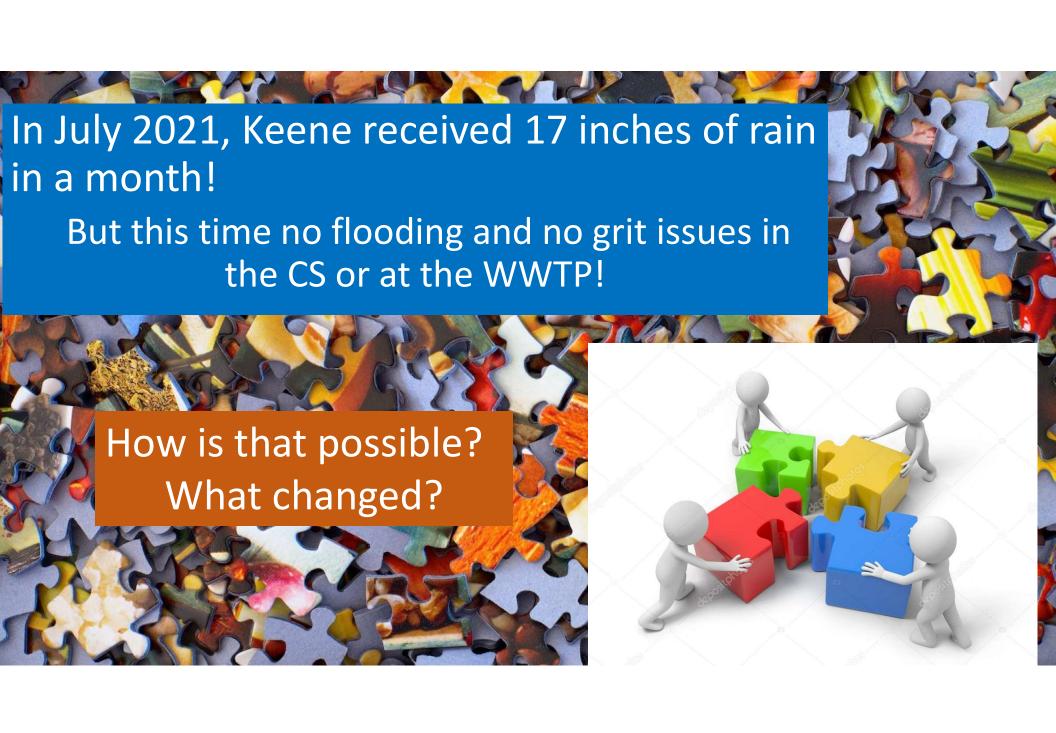


## Total non-\$ costs:

- Stress
  - -Personnel
  - -Equipment
- Permit Violations
- · What else?

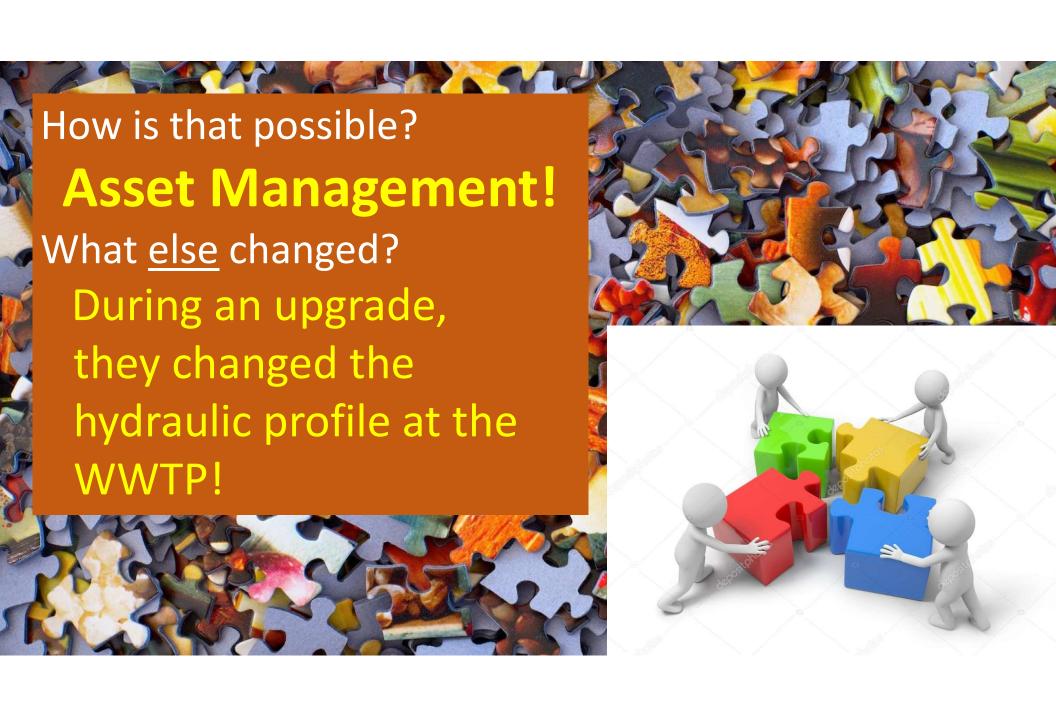












#### How is that possible?

## **Asset Management!**

Upgrades are a given
Use data to justify a better upgrade to:

- Improve EE
- Increase resilience/reduce vulnerabilities
- Right-sized equipment/automated controls = better operational control = better water quality = better customer service
- Every \$1.00 invested pro-actively saves \$7.00 in recovery costs!





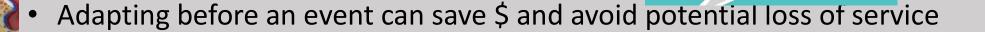
# How Can You Use Your Data and Knowledge to Adapt to Make Your Facility More Resilient to Changing Conditions?

Data

- Understand and ID Vulnerabilities!
  - Solutions are not always complicated or costly
  - Evaluate the adaptation options
  - Incorporate adaptation measures into planned upgrades

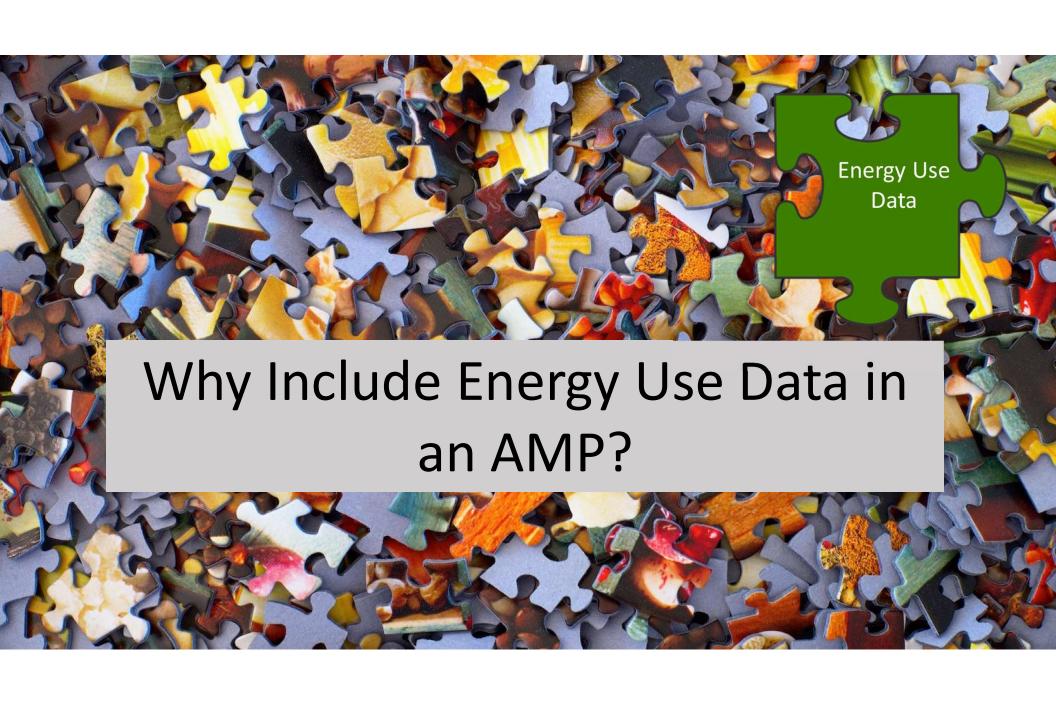


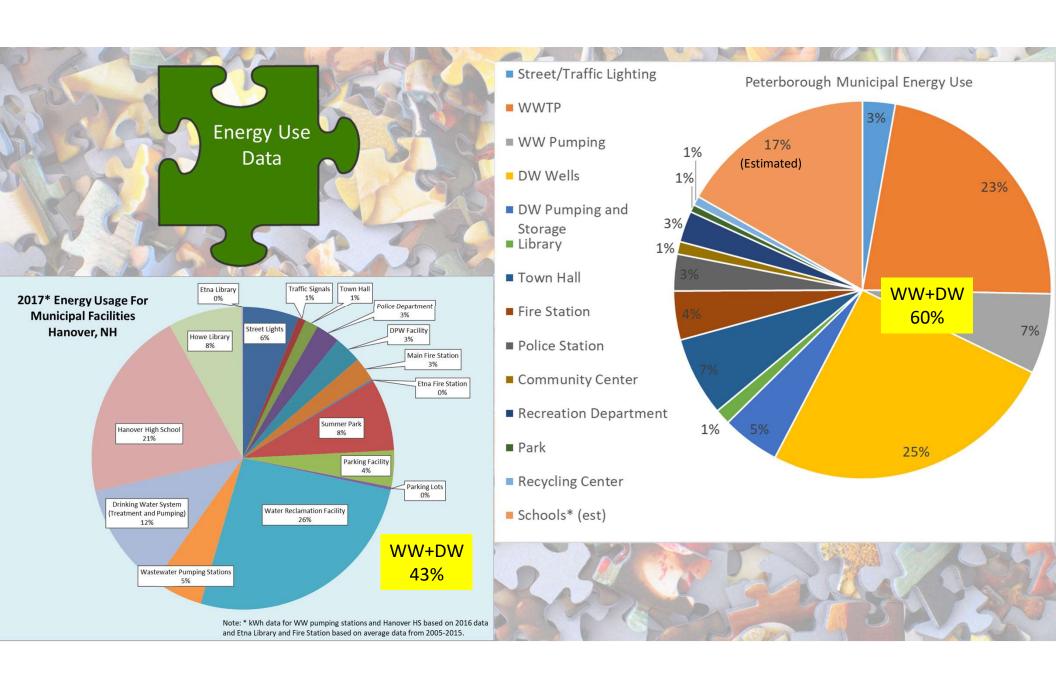
Moving the entire facility to higher ground

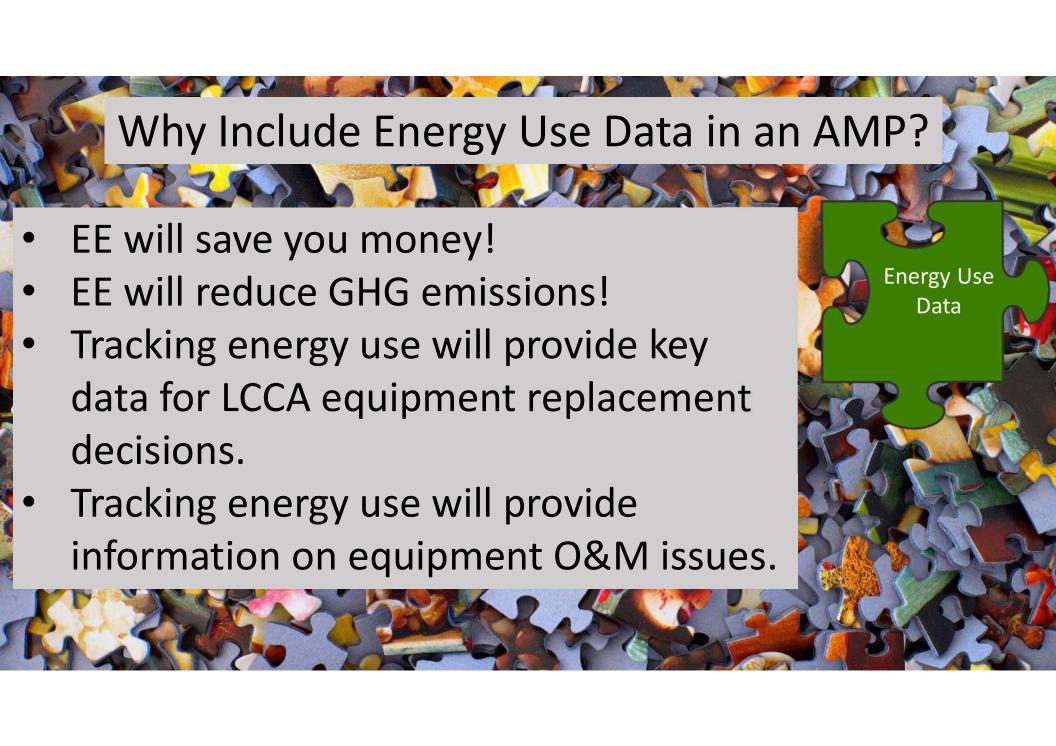


Every \$1.00 invested pro-actively saves \$7.00 in recovery costs!







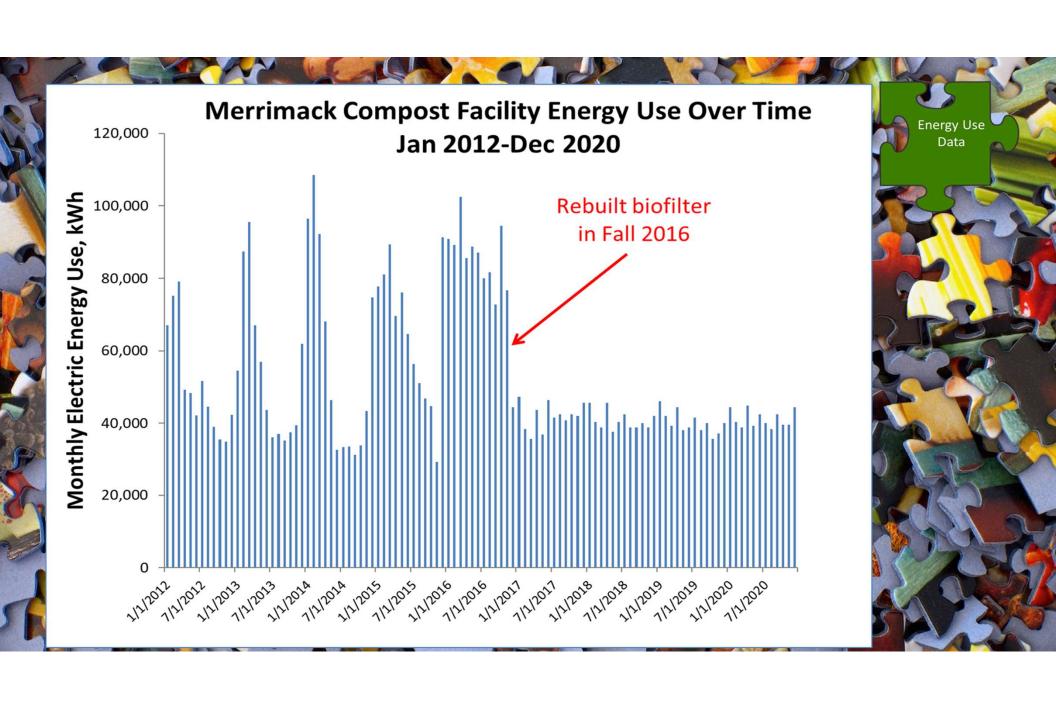


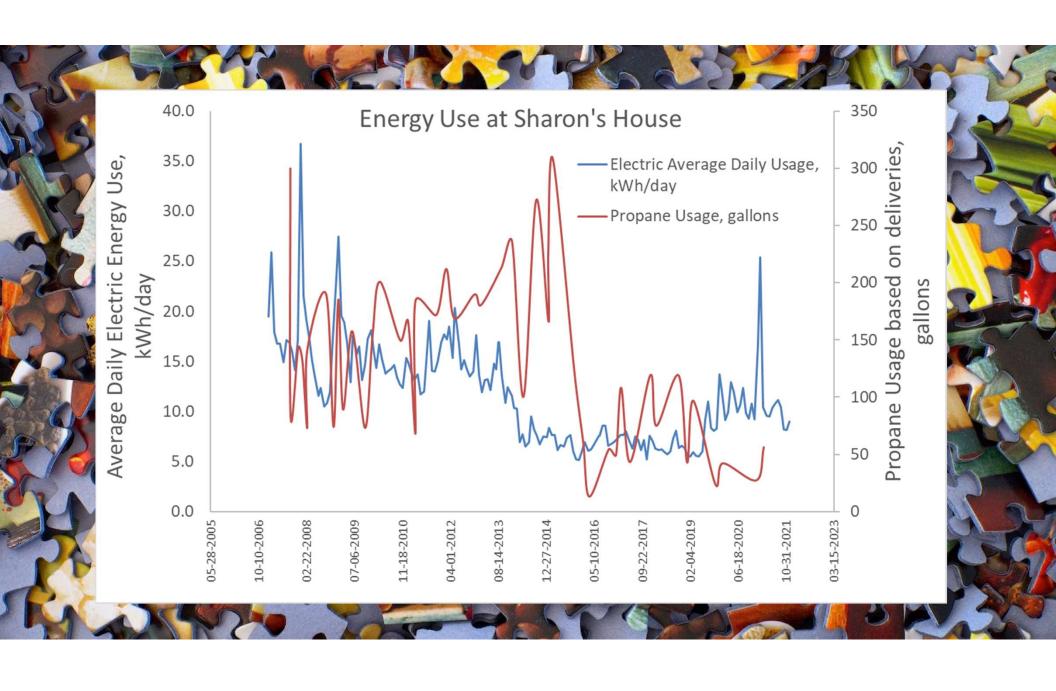
# J F M A M J J A S O N D 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

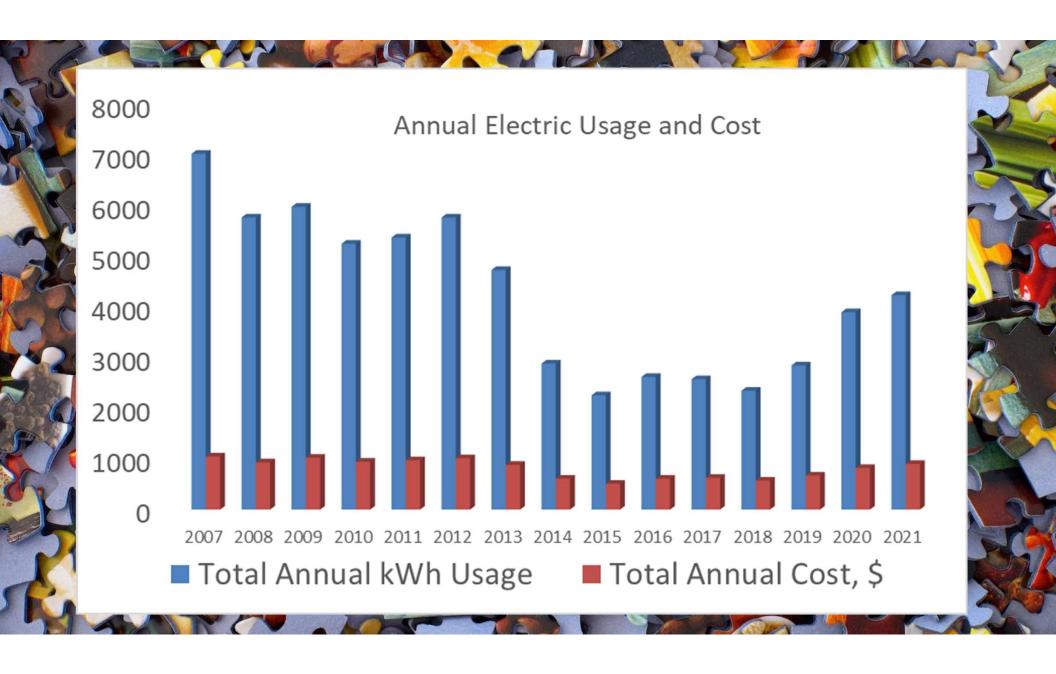


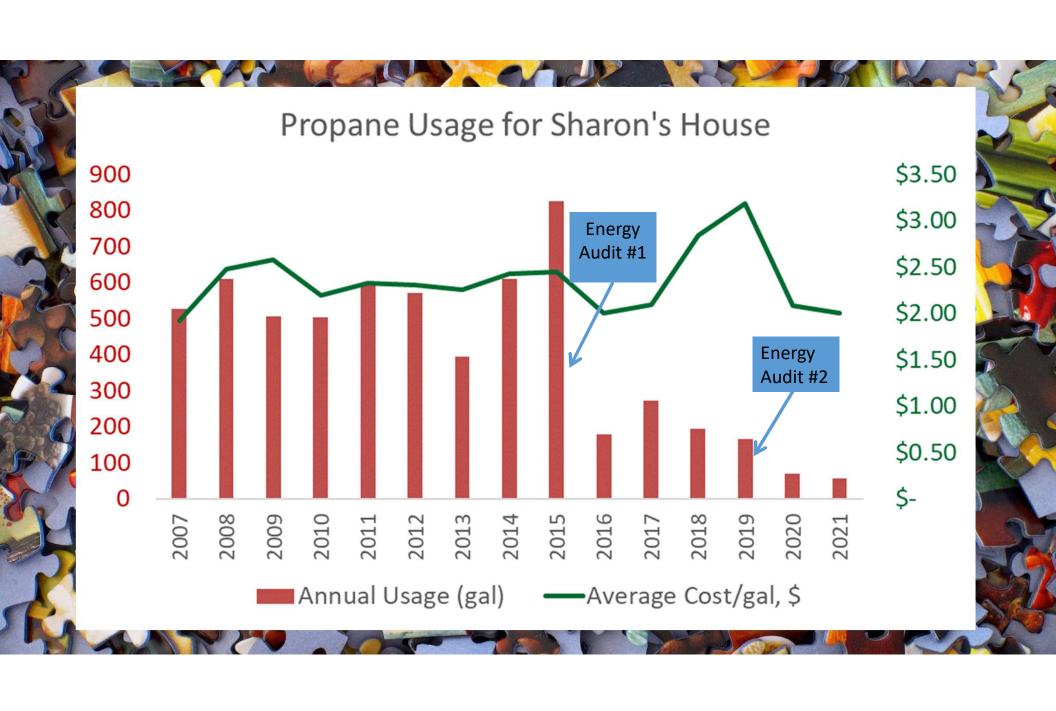


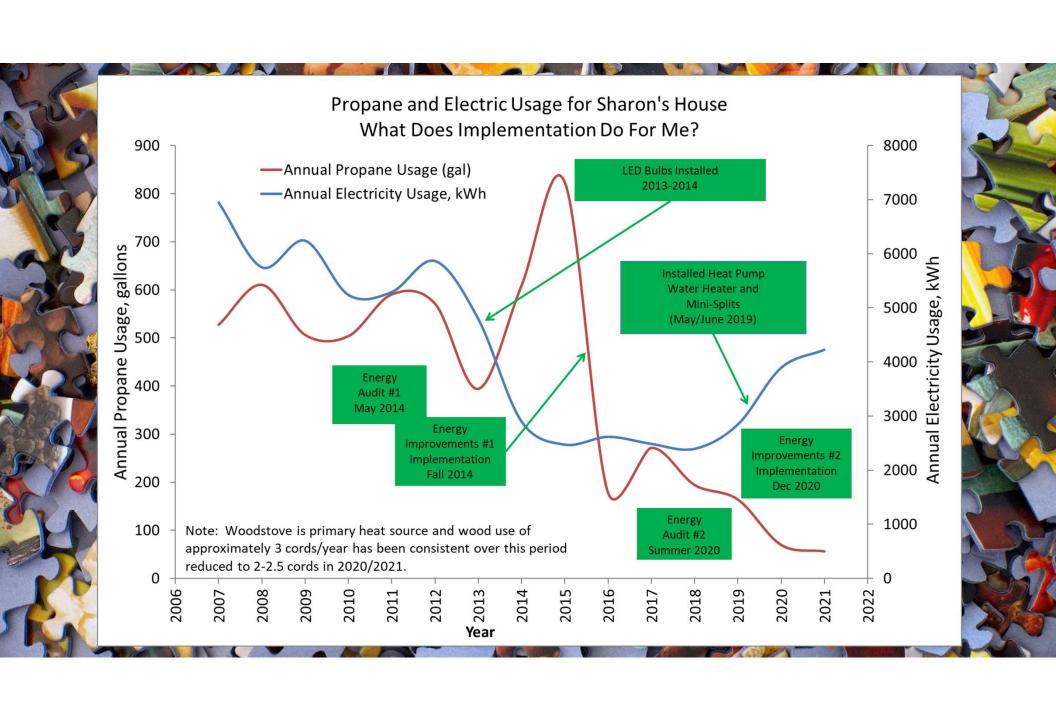


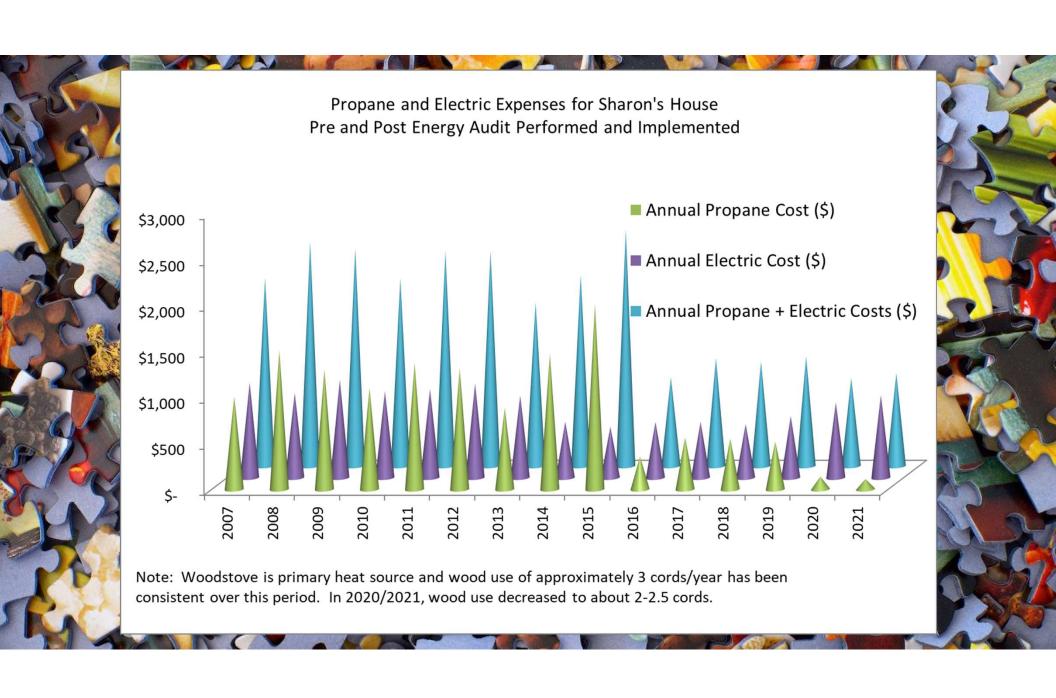


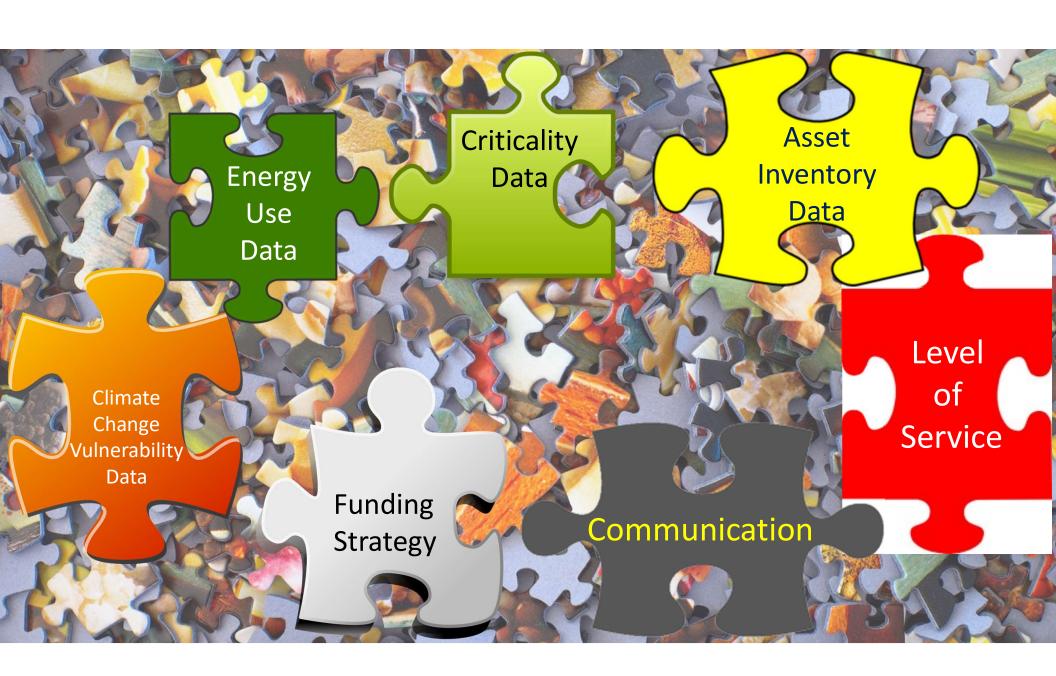


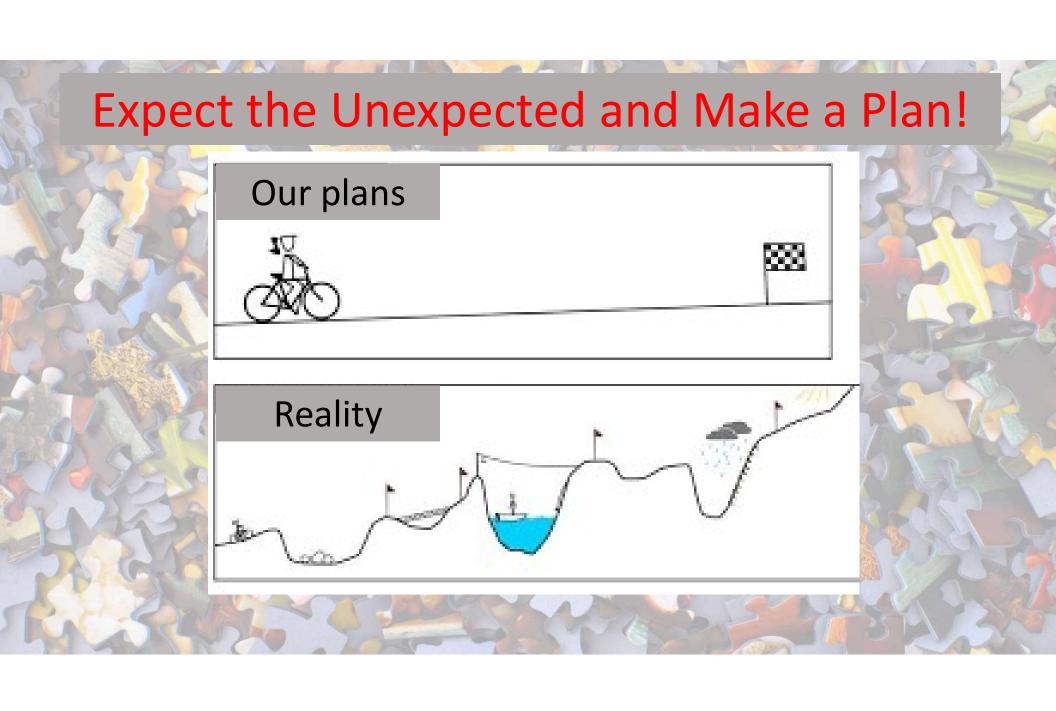












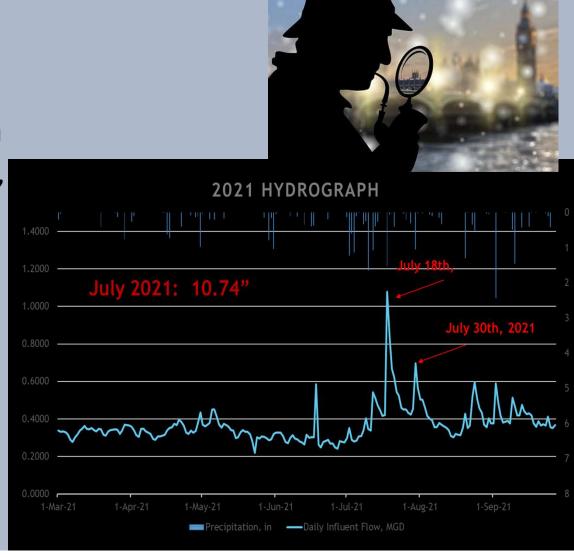






## **Identify the Problem**

- July 2021
- Starting to recover from over a year of drought conditions,
- It started to rain, and rain, and rain, and rain, and...
- Saturated soils etc.
- No "named" storms just rain
- Influent flow started to increase dramatically



### **Problem ID continued**



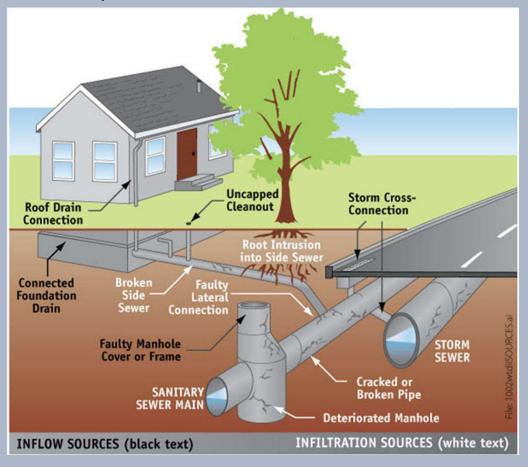
infiltration project wastewater - Bing images

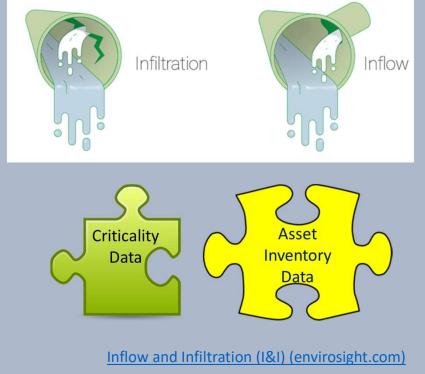
- Extremely High flows at Plant
  - Too high for plant to operate correctly
- Higher Operating Costs (energy)
- Increased equipment maintenance
- Violated Permit
- Overtime
- Stress/Fatigue
- Additional Expenses (equipment failures)

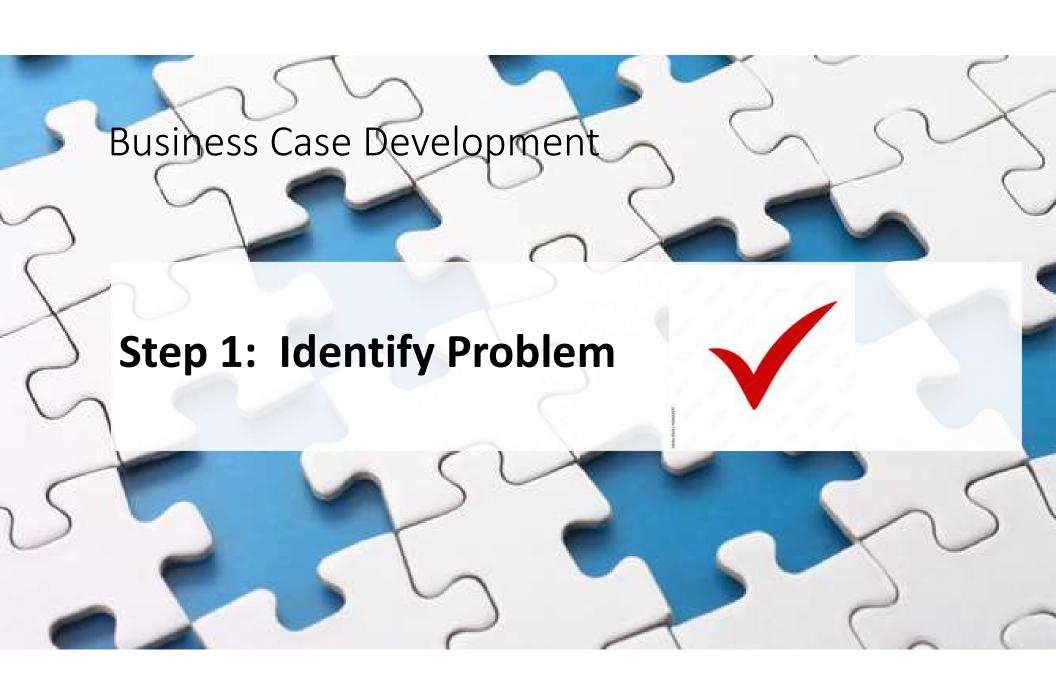


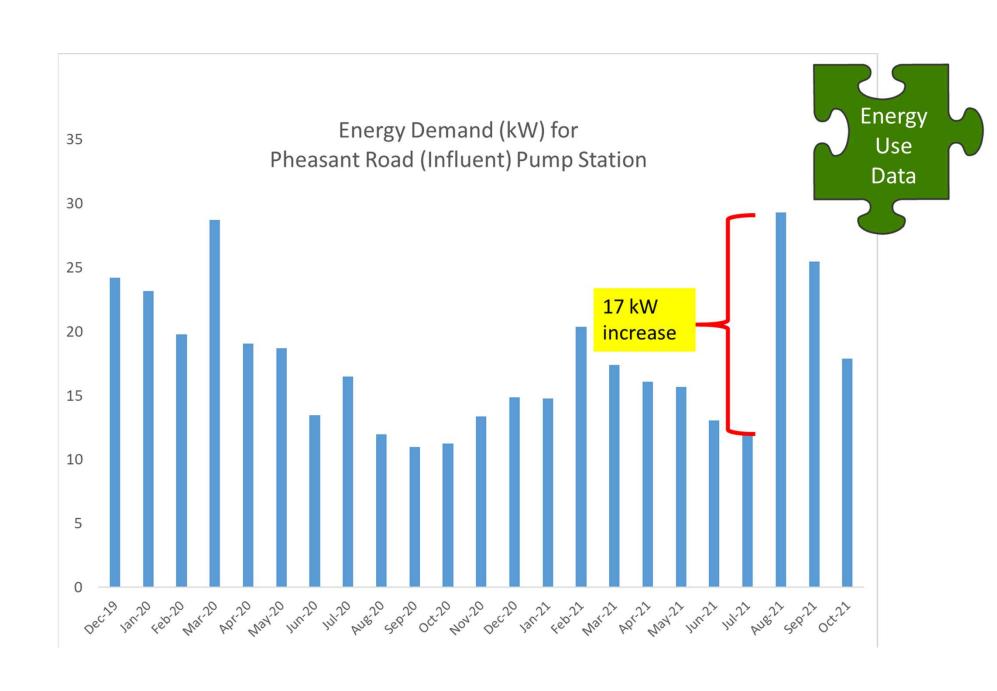
### **Problem ID continued**

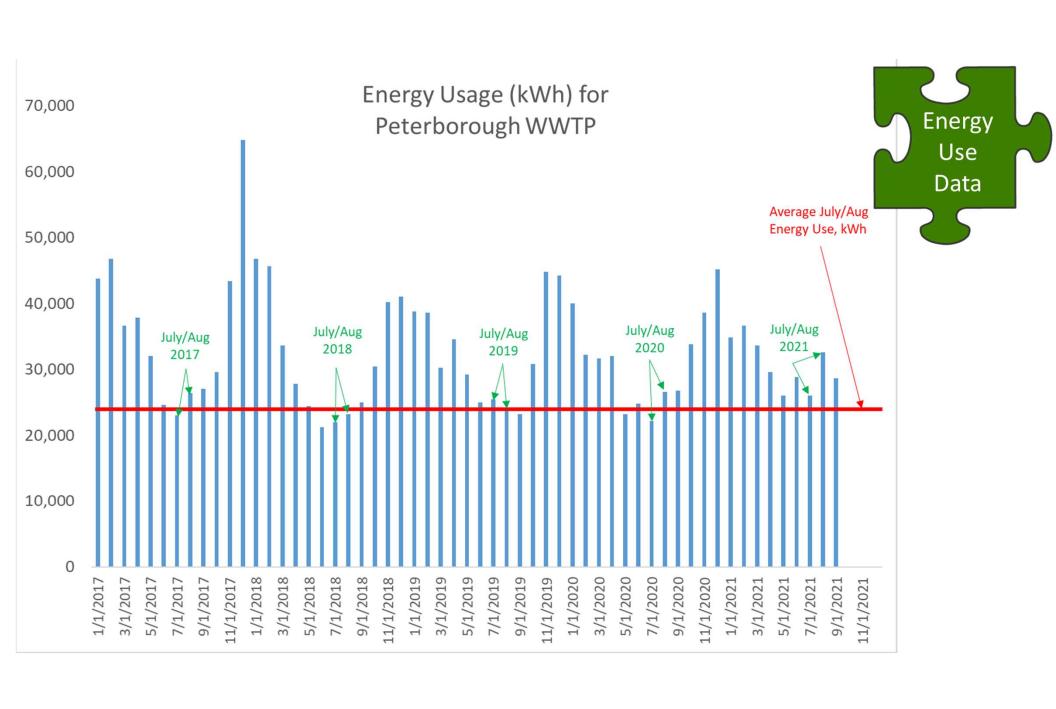
Due to infiltration and inflow the WWTF's influent flow increased Operator suspects the bulk of the I&I came from a neighborhood in a low, wet area











# Why I/I Matters

- Expensive Treatment of Clear Water
  - EPA's 2014 O&M rate for WW systems is \$2 to \$5 per thousand gallons
- Reduced Interceptor and WWTP Capacity
  - •35% of water entering a treatment plant is I/I

(according to Chalmers University of Technology's Division of Water Environment Technology)

- Another 35% is stormwater, and
- •The remaining 30% is sewage
- Water Quality
  - Sanitary Sewer Overflows
- Less Recharge to Aquifers

## Short Term Projects

- Vactor Truck Purchase
  - External Costs: \$1000 for 1,000 LF of collection system
- Infiltration/Inflow Investigations
  - Smoke Testing
  - Pipe and Manhole Inspections
  - Routine Pipe Cleaning
  - Private I/I Sources
    - Sump Pumps/Disconnection Programs
    - Building Inspections
    - Lateral Inspections



Longer Term Project

Correct/Remove Infiltration/Inflow

#### Overview

- Demonstrate your problem
  - Photos
  - Energy Data
  - Known Problem Areas
  - Data
- Present Proposed Project
  - I/I Investigations
  - Vactor Truck Purchase

- Provide Gap Analysis Results
  - Inspections
  - I/I Sources
- Provide Cost Estimates
  - Include Savings
- Provide Summary of Benefits