Assessments of Public Water Supply Sources - BELMONT

This report is a summary of NH Department of Environmental Services' assessments of the vulnerability of each source used by the public water system(s) located in this municipality. The sources listed here are grouped first by the type of public water system and then by the system itself. Each source was ranked according to a number of criteria; a vulnerability ranking is given for each criterion that applies to the source. *An explanation of each column in the report can be found on the last page.*

S					D _a	Nun Vulne				,	Sus	ce	otib	ility	/ Ra	ank	ing	Cri	teri	ia		
Source Number		Source Desc	ription	Source Type	Date Assessment Completed		nkin Mediums		Detects	Well/Intake	KCSs	PCSs	Highways/RRs	Pesticides	Septics	Urban Land Cover	Ag Land Cover	Animals	Lagoons	Dry discharges	Sanitary radius	Tunkin status
System T	ype C	C=Commu	nity; P=Non-Transier	ıt, N	Non-Commu	nity	; N=	-Tra	nsi	ent												
EPAID	0201010 System Name: BELMONT WATER DEPT																					
001	GPW			G	4/17/2000	1	3	8	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	М	Н	M	L		L	
002	GPW			G	4/17/2000	1	2	9	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	Н	M	L		L	
EPAID	0202010	System Name:		_AK	ELAND MGT	СО																
001	BRW			G	8/18/2000	4	1	7	L	L	Н	M	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	L		L	
004	GRW			G	8/18/2000	3	2	7	L	L	M	Н	Н	L	M	L	Н	L	L		L	
EPAID	0202020	System Name:	SUNRAY	SH	ORES WATE	R DIS	STR	ICT														
001	BRW			G	1/29/2001	3	1	8	L	L	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	M	L	L		Н	
002	BRW			G	1/29/2001	3	1	8	L	L	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	M	L	L		Н	
EPAID	0202030	System Name:	TIC	GA	RIVER WATE	R C	0							·			•					
001	BRW			G	8/16/2001	4	1	7	L	L	L	M	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L	L		L	
EPAID	0202040	System Name:	W	ES1	TVIEW MEAD	OWS	3								'				<u>'</u>			
001	BRW			G	2/21/2002	2	1	9	L	L	L	L	Н	L	L	M	Н	L	L		L	
002	BRW			G	2/21/2002	2	0	10	L	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L	Н	L	L		L	
EPAID	0203010	System Name:	CATE	ES N	MOBILE HOM	E PA	RK						·		·							
001	BRW			G	1/29/2001	5	2	5	L	L	М	М	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L	L		Н	
EPAID	0203020	System Name:	LADD I	HILL	MOBILE HO	ME F	PAR	K														

S				Da	Nun Vulne				;	Sus	ce	otib	ility	/ Ra	ank	ing	Cri	teri	ia		
ource	Source	e Description	Source	te Assessm Completed		nkin			M			High	₽e	(0	Urbar	Ag L	Þ	7	Dry (Sani	Trophic
Source Number			e Tvpe	Date Assessment Completed	Highs	Mediums	Lows	Detects	Well/Intake	KCSs	PCSs	Highways/RRs	Pesticides	Septics	Urban Land Cover	Ag Land Cover	Animals	Lagoons	Dry discharges	Sanitary radius	hic status
001	BRW		G	4/17/2000	2	2	8	L	L	L	L	L	L	Н	M	Н	M	L		L	
EPAID	0203030 System N	ame: NORTHBI	RO	OK MOBILE H	IOME	E PA	RK														
001	BRW		G	10/17/2002	4	4	4	Н	L	L	L	M	М	M	Н	Н	Н	L		М	
002	BRW		G	10/17/2002	3	3	6	Н	L	L	L	M	М	M	L	Н	Н	L		L	
EPAID	0203040 System N	ame: PINE GAR	RDE	NS MOBILE I	HOM	E PA	ARK														
001	BRW		G	8/14/2000	4	1	7	L	L	L	L	Н	L	Н	Н	M	L	L		Н	
002	BRW		G	8/14/2000	4	1	7	L	L	L	L	Н	L	Н	Н	M	L	L		Н	
EPAID	0203050 System N	ame: LAKE	SF	REGION MHP	COC	PI															
001	BRW		G	6/9/2000	5	1	6	L	L	L	M	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L	L		Н	
EPAID	0203060 System N	ame:	SC	DLAR VILLAG	E																
004	BRW		G	10/17/2002	2	3	7	L	L	L	L	L	М	Н	L	Н	M	L		М	
005	BRW		G	10/17/2002	2	2	8	L	L	L	L	L	M	Н	L	Н	M	L		L	
EPAID	0203080 System N	ame: M	IALI	LARDS LAND	ING																
001	BRW		G	8/17/2001	2	1	9	L	L	L	L	L	L	Н	M	Н	L	L		L	
002	BRW		G	8/17/2001	2	1	9	L	L	L	L	L	L	Н	M	Н	L	L		L	
EPAID	0203090 System N	ame: LAKE	SR	EGION MHP	coc	PII															
004			G	6/9/2000	2	3	7	L	L	L	M	M	L	Н	L	Н	M	L		L	
005	BRW		G	6/9/2000	3	2	7	L	L	L	M	Н	L	Н	L	Н	M	L		L	
System 1	Type N C=C	ommunity; P=Non-Transien	ıt, N	Non-Commu	nity	; N=	Tra	nsi	ent												
EPAID	0207020 System N	ame: WHITE	ЕВ	IRCH CAMPO	ROL	JND															
001	BRW		G	9/18/2000	1	0	8	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L			L	L			
EPAID	0207030 System N	ame:	SIL\	/ER LAKE PA	RK																7
001	BRW		G	9/18/2000	1	0	8	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L			L	L			
EPAID	0207070 System N	ame: WINNISQU	UAN	M BEACH CAI	MPG	ROL	JND														

S			Da	Number of Vulnerability					Sus	ce	eptibility Ranking Criteria									
ource	Source Descr	ription	te Ass Coml		nkin			M			High	P		Urbai	Ag L	1	7	Dry	Sani	Trophic
Source Number		е Туре	Date Assessment Completed	Highs	Mediums	Lows	Detects	Well/Intake	KCSs	PCSs	Highways/RRs	Pesticides	Septics	Urban Land Cover	Land Cover	Animals	Lagoons	Dry discharges	Sanitary radius	phic status
002 BR\	W	G	9/5/2001	1	0	8	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L			L	L			
006 BR\		G	9/25/2000	2	0	7	L	L	L	Н	Н	L	L			L	L			
007 BR\	W	G	8/23/2001	2	0	7	L	L	L	Н	Н	L	L			L	L			
EPAID 020	System Name:	LAKE	VIEW GOLF	CLUE	3															
001 BR\	W	G	9/18/2000	2	0	7	L	L	L	Н	L	Н	L			L	L			
EPAID 020	System Name:	HICK	ORY STICK F	ARN	1															
001 BR\		G	8/22/2001	2	0	7	L	L	L	Н	L	L	Н			L	L			
EPAID 020	System Name:	CHIN	IA GARDEN F	REST								·								
001 BR\		G	9/27/2000	3	0	6	L	L	L	Н	Н	L	Н			L	L			
EPAID 020	System Name:	TOP O	F THE TOWN	IRES	ST.															
001 BR\	W	G	10/30/2000	1	0	8	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L			L	L			
002 BR\	W	G	10/30/2000	2	0	7	L	L	L	Н	L	Н	L			L	L			
System Type	e P C=Commu	nity; P=Non-Transient, l	Non-Commu	ınity	; N=	Tra	nsi	ent												
EPAID 020	System Name:	FAITH C	HRISTIAN AC	CADE	MY															
001 BR\	W	G	8/17/2001	0	4	8	L	L	L	L	L	L	M	L	M	M	L		М	
EPAID 020	System Name:	BELMO	NT BUSINES	S PA	RK															
001 BR\		G	4/17/2000	3	3	6	Н	L	M	M	Н	L	M	L	Н	L	L		L	
EPAID 020	System Name:	NOYES	FIBER SYSTE	EMS I	LLC															
001 BR\	W	G	3/15/2001	5	1	6	L	Н	L	M	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L	L		L	
EPAID 020	System Name:	EA	ASTGATE PAR	RK																
001 BR\		G	9/1/2006	1	3	8	L	L	L	M	Н	L	M	L	L	L	L		M	
EPAID 020	99010 System Name:	THE LO	DDGE AT BEL	_MON_	١T															
001 BR\	 W	G	10/30/2000	1	0	8	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L			L	L			

Explanatory Notes

Abbreviations used in the following notes:

HAC = hydrologic area of concern for a surface water source. For small or undeveloped watersheds, the HAC includes the entire watershed. For all other surface sources, the HAC includes only a portion of the watershed close to the water system intake.

WHPA = wellhead protection area for a groundwater source. For community and non-transient systems, the WHPA is the area from which water is expected to flow to the well under extremely dry conditions. For transient systems, the WHPA is the area within 500 ft of the well.

EPAID: Each public water system is identified by a 7-digit federal ID number.

Source number: Each source is further identified by a 3-digit number.

Source description: An abbreviated description of the source from NHDES's database. (Some common abbreviations: BRW=bedrock well; GPW=gravel-pack well; GRW=gravel well; DUG=dug well; PTW=point well; SPR=spring; ART=artesian well; INF=infiltration well.)

Source type: G=groundwater (well or spring); S=surface water (lakes, reservoirs, ponds, rivers); E = water purchased from another system (*Purchased sources are not assessed per se, but the original sources used by the seller are assessed*).

Date Assessment Completed: The date NHDES completed the process of reviewing available data, collecting new data, and entered the assessment information into its database.

Number of Vulnerability Rankings: The number of High, Medium, and Low rankings for that source listed in the columns to the right. Each criterion is explained below. Some criteria do not apply to all types of sources or systems.

Detects: Confirmed detections of certain contaminants (after treatment) of suspected human origin, not including disinfection byproducts. L = none detected at or above trigger levels in the most recent round of sampling. There is no M ranking for this criterion. H = contaminants were detected at or above trigger levels.

Well/Intake: The integrity of the well (if a groundwater source) or the intake (if a surface water source). L = no unresolved deficiencies with the well or intake identified in the most recent sanitary survey. There is no M ranking for this criterion. H = there are unresolved deficiencies.

KCSs: Known contamination sources in the vicinity of the source. This includes any site known to DES where contaminants are known or very likely to have been released to the ground, and where remediation is not complete. L = none present in the WHPA (for groundwater sources) or in the HAC (for surface water sources). M (for community and non-transient systems) = one or more KCSs in the WHPA or HAC but not within 1,000 ft of the well or intake. *There is no M ranking for transient systems*. H = one or more KCSs within the WHPA or HAC within 1,000 ft of the well or intake.

PCSs: Potential contamination sources in the vicinity of the source. This includes any site known to DES where contaminants are known or very likely to be used in significant quantities, but where there are no known releases to the ground. L (for community and non-transient systems) = no PCSs within 1,000 ft of the well in the WHPA (for groundwater sources) or none present in the HAC (for surface water sources). L (for transient systems) = none present in the WHPA. M (for groundwater sources serving community and non-transient systems) = 10 or fewer PCSs within 1,000 ft of the well in the WHPA. M (for surface water sources) = one or more PCSs in the HAC but not within

1,000 ft of the intake. *There is no M ranking for transient systems*. H (for groundwater sources serving community and non-transient systems) = more than 10 PCSs within 1,000 ft of the well in the WHPA. H (for transient sources) = one or more PCSs in the WHPA. H (for surface water sources) = one or more within 1,000 ft of the intake in the HAC.

Highways/RRs: The presence of numbered state highways or active railroads in the vicinity of the source. L = none present in the WHPA or HAC. M (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = one or more in the WHPA but not within 1,000 ft of the well. M (for surface sources) = one or more in the HAC but not within 300 ft of the source water. *There is no M ranking for transient systems*. H (for transient sources) = one or more in the WHPA. H (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = one or more in the WHPA within 1,000 ft of the well. H (for surface sources) = one or more in the HAC within 300 ft of the source water.

Pesticides: Whether or not pesticides have been routinely applied in the vicinity of the source. This is based on the presence of land parcels owned by registered pesticide applicators. L = no application areas in WHPA or HAC. M (for community and non-transient sources) = application site(s) in WHPA or HAC but not within 500 ft of the well or within 300 ft of the intake. *There is no M ranking for transient systems*. H = application site(s) within 500 ft of the well or within 300 ft of the intake.

Septics: The presence or density of septic systems and sewer lines in the vicinity of the source. L (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = no septic systems or sewer lines located within 500 ft of the well, and fewer than 30 septic systems in the remainder of the WHPA. L (for surface sources) = no septic systems within 500 ft of surface water. L (for transient sources) = no septic systems or sewer lines within 75 ft of the well. M (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = fewer than 10 septic systems and no sewer line located within 500 ft of well, and fewer than 30 septic systems in remainder of the WHPA. M (for surface sources) = low density of septic systems (lots averaging 2 acres or more) within 500 ft of surface water in the HAC. There is no M ranking for transient systems. H (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = 10 or more septic systems or any sewer line within 500 ft of the well and/or high density of septic systems (more than 30) in the WHPA. H (for surface sources) = densely developed shoreline (lots averaging less than 2 acres) within 500 ft of surface water in the HAC. H (for transient sources) = one or more septic systems or sewer lines within 75 ft of the well.

Urban Land Cover: The percentage of urban land cover in the vicinity of the source, based primarily on satellite images. *This criterion does not apply to sources serving transient systems*. L = less than 10% of the WHPA or HAC is urban, and less than 10% of the WHPA within 1,000 ft of the well is urban. M (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = less than 10% of WHPA is urban but 10% or more of the WHPA within 1,000 ft of the well is urban. M (for surface sources) = between 10% and 20% of HAC is urban. H (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = 10% or more of WHPA is urban. H (for surface sources) = 20% or more of HAC is urban.

Ag Land Cover: The percentage of agricultural land cover in the vicinity of the source (in the WHPA or within 300 ft of surface water in the HAC), based primarily on satellite images. This criterion does not apply to sources serving transient systems. L = no ag land. M = less than 10% ag land. H = 10% or more ag land.

Animals: The presence of concentrations of 10 or more animal units in the vicinity of the source. L = none in the WHPA or (for a surface source) within 300 ft of surface water in the watershed. M (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = one or more such farms in the WHPA but not within 1,000 ft of the well. M (for a surface source) = none within 300 ft of surface water in the HAC, but one or more within 300 ft of surface water in the watershed. *There is no M ranking for transient systems*. H = one or more in the WHPA within 1,000 ft of the well or (for a surface source) within 300 ft of surface water in the HAC.

Lagoons: The presence of wastewater treatment lagoons or spray irrigation sites in the vicinity of the source. L = none in the WHPA or (for a surface source) in the entire watershed. M (for community and non-transient groundwater sources) = one or more in the WHPA but not within 1,000 ft of the well. M (for a surface source) = none within 300 ft of surface water in the HAC, but one or more in the watershed. There is no M ranking for transient systems. H = one or more in the WHPA within 1,000 ft of the well or (for a surface source) within 300 ft of surface water in the HAC.

Dry Discharge: The presence of dry-weather stormwater discharge sites in the vicinity of the source. *Only a handful of surface sources were evaluated for such discharges; no discharges were found.*

Sanitary Radius: The presence of development not associated with the well within the sanitary radius (within 75 to 400 ft of the well). *Applies only to groundwater sources serving community and non-transient systems*. Of particular concern are sewer lines, septic systems, or storage of regulated substances in this area. L = no inappropriate land uses or practices. No medium ranking. H = inappropriate land uses or practices were discovered during the most recent sanitary survey, and have not been corrected.

Trophic status: The projected trophic (nutrient) status of the source as predicted by a computer model using a future land development scenario for the watershed. *This criterion applies only to 24 lakes, ponds, and reservoirs included in the phosphorus loading study*. L = oligotrophic (relatively good clarity and water quality with low algae population). M = mesotrophic (intermediate clarity, quality, and algae population). H = eutrophic