



Volunteer Lake Assessment Program Individual Lake Reports

SUNAPEE LAKE, SUNAPEE, NH

MORPHOMETRIC DATA

Watershed Area (Ac.):	28,863	Max. Depth (m):	31.9	Flushing Rate (yr ⁻¹):	0.3	Year:	1995	Trophic class:	OLIGOTROPIC
Surface Area (Ac.):	4090	Mean Depth (m):	11.4	P Retention Coef:	0.7	Year:	2006	Trophic class:	OLIGOTROPIC
Shore Length (m):	47,600	Volume (m ³):	188,150,000	Elevation (ft):	1092	Year:	2006	Trophic class:	OLIGOTROPIC

TROPIC CLASSIFICATION

KNOWN EXOTIC SPECIES

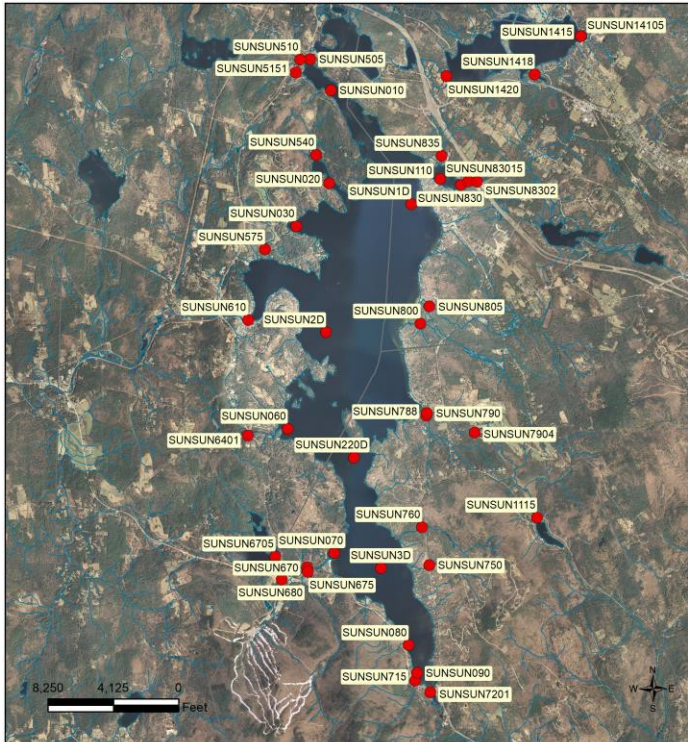
The Waterbody Report Card tables are generated from the DRAFT 2020 305(b) report on the status of N.H. waters, and are based on data collected from 2010-2019. Detailed waterbody assessment and report card information can be found at [NHDES' Water Quality Assessment Website](#).

Designated Use	Parameter	Category	Comments
Aquatic Life	Phosphorus (Total)	Good	Sampling data is better than the water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter.
	pH	Slightly Bad	Data periodically exceed water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter by a small margin.
	Oxygen, Dissolved	Bad	Data periodically exceed water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter by a large margin.
	Dissolved oxygen saturation	Slightly Bad	Data periodically exceed water quality standards or thresholds for a given parameter by a small margin.
	Chlorophyll-a	Very Good	Sampling data is 50 percent better than the water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter.
Primary Contact Recreation	Escherichia coli	No Data	No data for this parameter.
	Chlorophyll-a	Very Good	All sampling data meet water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter.

BEACH PRIMARY CONTACT ASSESSMENT STATUS

Beach Name	Parameter	Category	Comments
SUNAPEE LAKE - SUNAPEE STATE PARK BEACH	Escherichia coli	Bad	Data periodically exceed water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter by a large margin.
SUNAPEE LAKE - BLODGETT'S LANDING BEACH	Escherichia coli	Bad	Data periodically exceed water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter by a large margin.
SUNAPEE LAKE - DEWEY (TOWN) BEACH	Escherichia coli	Bad	Data periodically exceed water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter by a large margin.
SUNAPEE LAKE - DEPOT BEACH	Escherichia coli	Very Good	All sampling data meet water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter.
SUNAPEE LAKE - GEORGES MILL TOWN BEACH	Escherichia coli	Very Good	All sampling data meet water quality standards or thresholds for this parameter.

VLAP SAMPLE STATION MAP: This map depicts the location of routine sampling stations discussed on page two of the report.



SUNAPEE LAKE SUNAPEE

VOLUNTEER LAKE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM

STATIONID	STATION NAME
SUNSUN0	210 5TH 1 DEEP SPOT
SUNSUN0	210 5TH 1 DEEP SPOT
SUNSUN101	110
SUNSUN0	210 5TH 2 DEEP SPOT
SUNSUN85	85
SUNSUN75	670.5
SUNSUN151	515.1
SUNSUN80	80
SUNSUN30	30
SUNSUN20	20
SUNSUN10	10
SUNSUN110	110
SUNSUN610	610
SUNSUN760	760
SUNSUN800	800
SUNSUN805	805
SUNSUN830	830
SUNSUN650	650
SUNSUN1415	1415
SUNSUN1410	1410
SUNSUN640	640
SUNSUN745	745
SUNSUN760	760
SUNSUN670	670
SUNSUN675	675
SUNSUN680	680
SUNSUN680	80
SUNSUN680	80
SUNSUN675	75
SUNSUN220	220
SUNSUN1415	1415.5
SUNSUN1415	1415
SUNSUN1420	1420
SUNSUN751	751.1
SUNSUN750	750
SUNSUN754	754.4
SUNSUN8015	801.5
SUNSUN802	802.2
SUNSUN675	675
SUNSUN641	641.1

Source: The data layers are derived from NHDES data and are under constant revision. NHDES is not responsible for the use or interpretation of this information. Not intended for legal use NHDES Watershed Management Bureau Date: 2/23/2021





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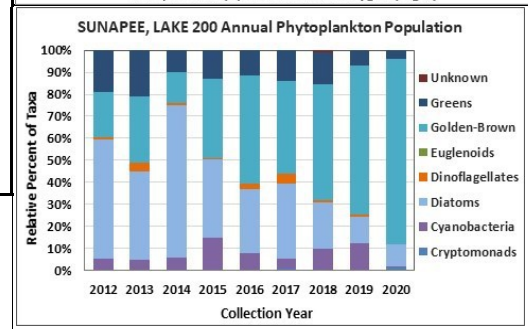
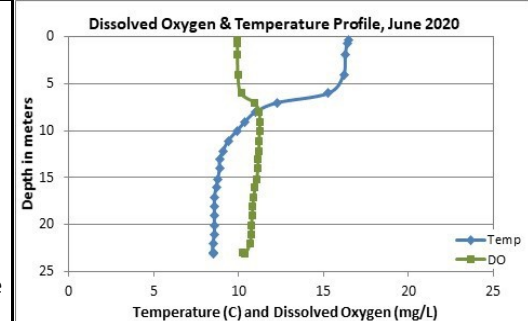
Lake Sunapee, Stn. 200, Sunapee

2020 Data Summary

Recommended Actions: Great job monitoring in 2020! Lake conductivity levels have significantly increased (worsened) indicating the use of de-icing materials in the winter is likely impacting lake quality. Continue to encourage local winter maintenance companies to obtain NH Voluntary Salt Applicator licenses through UNH Technology Transfer Center's Green SnowPro Certification. The improving epilimnetic pH levels are encouraging as NH surface waters recover from the historical impacts of acid precipitation. For more information on the recovery of NH's surface waters read the NHDES "Acid Rain Status and Trends" report available on the website. The improving phosphorus levels are also encouraging and we hope watershed management activities continue to result in improved conditions. Inventory and prioritize areas susceptible to stormwater runoff and implement best management practices in these areas. Keep up the great work!

Observations (Refer to Table 1 and Historical Deep Spot Data Graphics)

- ◆ **Chlorophyll-a:** Chlorophyll level was within a low range in June, increased slightly from 2019, and was less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates stable chlorophyll levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Conductivity/Chloride:** Epilimnetic (upper water layer), Metalimnetic (middle water layer) and Hypolimnetic (lower water layer) conductivity levels remained slightly elevated and greater than the state median. Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic chloride levels were slightly greater than the state median, yet much less than a level of concern. However, historical trend analysis indicates significantly increasing (worsening) conductivity levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Total Phosphorus:** Epilimnetic phosphorus level was very low in June, remained stable with 2019, and was much less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates significantly decreasing (improving) epilimnetic phosphorus levels since monitoring began. Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic phosphorus levels were within a low range in June and remained stable with 2019.
- ◆ **Transparency:** Transparency was below average (worse) for the lake in June, decreased from 2019, and remained greater than the state median. Historical trend analysis indicates stable transparency since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Turbidity:** Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic turbidity levels were within a very low range in June and decreased from 2019.
- ◆ **pH:** Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic pH levels were within the desirable range 6.5-8.0 units. Historical trend analysis indicates significantly increasing (improving) epilimnetic pH levels since monitoring began.



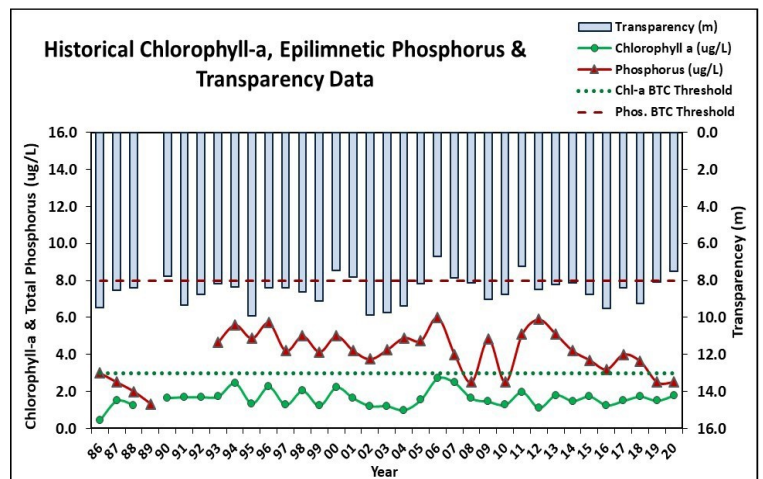
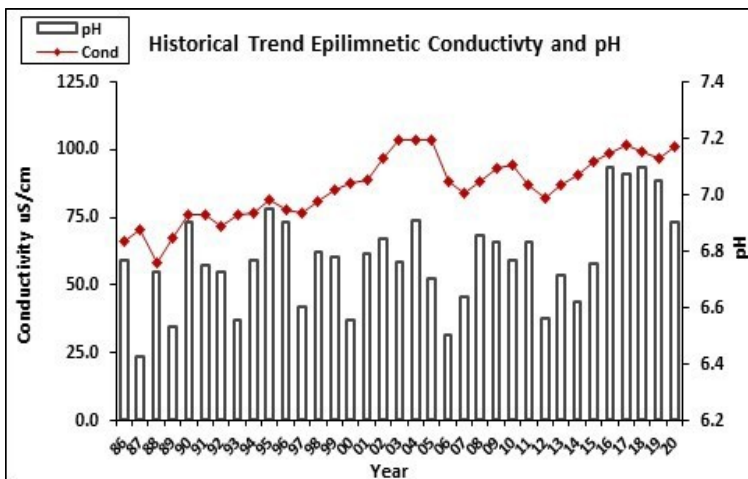
Station Name	Alk. (mg/L)	Chlor-a (ug/L)	Chloride (mg/L)	Cond. (us/cm)	Total P (ug/L)	Trans. (m)	Turb. (ntu)	pH
Epilimnion	4.4	1.79	20	101.4	3	7.50	0.08	6.90
Metalimnion			20	103.0	5		0.08	6.90
Hypolimnion			20	102.1	5		0.08	6.66

NH Median Values: Median values for specific parameters generated from historic lake monitoring data.
Alkalinity: 4.5 mg/L
Chlorophyll-a: 4.39 ug/L
Conductivity: 42.3 uS/cm
Chloride: 5 mg/L
Total Phosphorus: 11 ug/L
Transparency: 3.3 m
pH: 6.6

NH Water Quality Standards: Numeric criteria for specific parameters. Results exceeding criteria are considered a water quality violation.
Chloride: > 230 mg/L (chronic)
E. coli: > 88 cts/100 mL – public beach
E. coli: > 406 cts/100 mL – surface waters
Turbidity: > 10 NTU above natural level
pH: between 6.5-8.0 (unless naturally occurring)

Historical Water Quality Trend Analysis

Parameter	Trend	Explanation	Parameter	Trend	Explanation
Conductivity	Worsening	Data significantly increasing.	Chlorophyll-a	Stable	Trend not significant, data show low variability.
pH (epilimnion)	Improving	Data significantly increasing.	Transparency	Stable	Trend not significant; data show low variability.
			Phosphorus (epilimnion)	Improving	Data significantly decreasing.





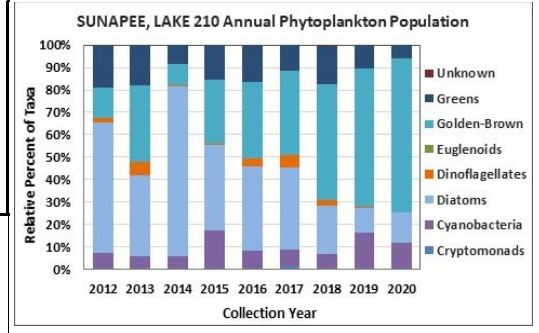
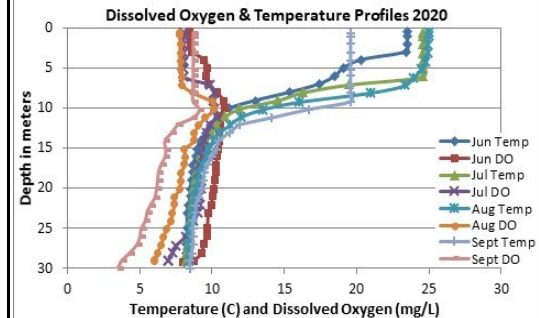
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Lake Sunapee, Stn. 210, Sunapee 2020 Data Summary

Recommended Actions: Great job monitoring in 2020! Lake conductivity levels have significantly increased (worsened) indicating the use of de-icing materials in the winter is likely impacting lake quality. Continue to encourage local winter maintenance companies to obtain NH Voluntary Salt Applicator licenses through UNH Technology Transfer Center's Green SnowPro Certification. Inventory and prioritize areas susceptible to stormwater runoff and implement best management practices in these areas. The improving phosphorus levels are encouraging and we hope watershed management activities continue to result in improved conditions. Encourage lake residents to maintain vegetative buffers to infiltrate stormwater runoff and prevent shoreline erosion. Refer to DES' "New Hampshire Homeowner's Guide to Stormwater Management" for assistance. Keep up the great work!

Observations (Refer to Table 1 and Historical Deep Spot Data Graphics)

- ◆ **Chlorophyll-a:** Chlorophyll levels fluctuated within a low range and were highest in June. Average chlorophyll level decreased slightly from 2019 and was less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates relatively stable chlorophyll levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Conductivity/Chloride:** Epilimnetic (upper water layer), Metalimnetic (middle water layer) and Hypolimnetic (lower water layer) conductivity levels remained slightly elevated and greater than the state median. Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic chloride levels were slightly greater than the state median, yet much less than the state chronic chloride standard. However, historical trend analysis indicates significantly increasing (worsening) conductivity levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Color:** Apparent color was measured in the epilimnion and indicated the lake water was lightly tea colored, or light brown in June, decreased to a clear range in July and August, and increased to a lightly tea colored range in September.
- ◆ **Total Phosphorus:** Epilimnetic phosphorus levels were stable and low from June through September. Average epilimnetic phosphorus level remained stable with 2019 and was much less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates significantly decreasing (improving) epilimnetic phosphorus levels since monitoring began. Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic phosphorus levels were also low and remained stable from June through September.
- ◆ **Transparency:** Transparency was below average (worse) in June when algal growth was slightly higher and water color was slightly darker, and then increased (improved) in July and remained stable through September. Average transparency increased (improved) slightly from 2019 and was much higher (better) than the state median. Historical trend analysis indicates stable transparency since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Turbidity:** Epilimnetic and Metalimnetic turbidity levels fluctuated within a low range and were highest in August. Hypolimnetic turbidity level was higher in September but remained within a low range.
- ◆ **pH:** Epilimnetic and Metalimnetic pH levels were within the desirable range 6.5 -8.0 units. Historical trend analysis indicates stable epilimnetic pH levels since monitoring began. Hypolimnetic pH levels were slightly less than desirable.



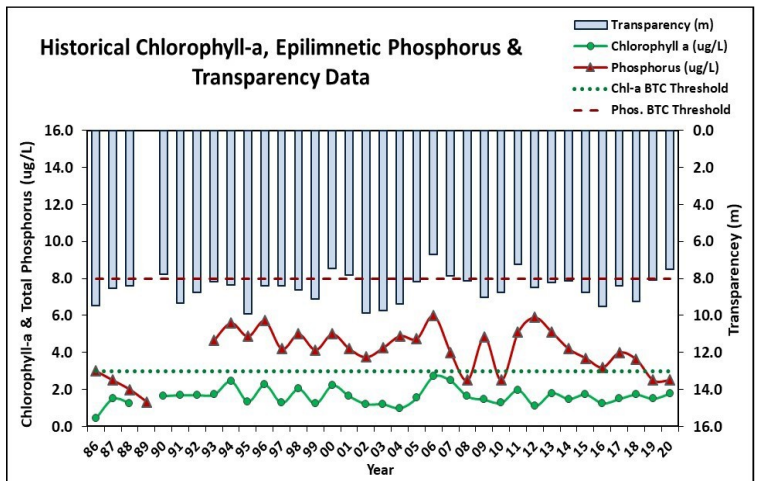
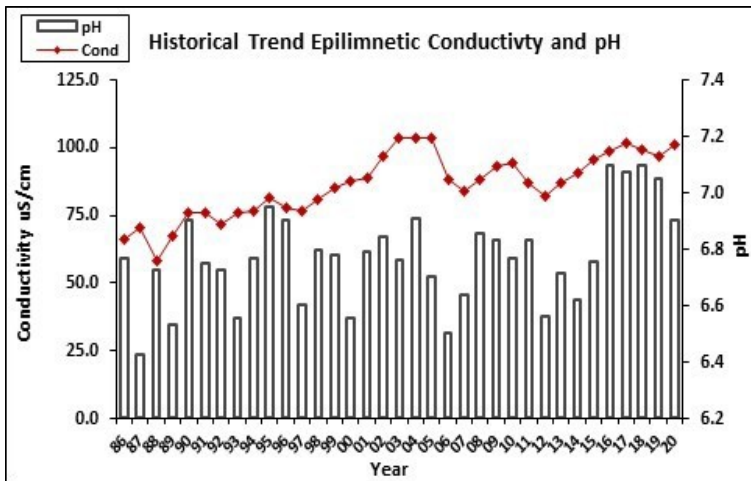
Station Name	Alk. (mg/L)	Chlor-a (ug/L)	Chloride (mg/L)	Color (pcu)	Cond. (ug/L)	Total P (ntu)	Trans	Turb.	pH
Epilimnion	7.15	1.29	24	22	100.5	3	9.06	0.24	6.80
Metalimnion			23		99.7	4		0.39	6.77
Hypolimnion			23		100.2	4		0.35	6.34

NH Median Values: Median values for specific parameters generated from historic lake monitoring data.
Alkalinity: 4.5 mg/L
Chlorophyll-a: 4.39 mg/m³
Conductivity: 42.3 uS/cm
Chloride: 5 mg/L
Total Phosphorus: 11 ug/L
Transparency: 3.3 m
pH: 6.6

NH Water Quality Standards: Numeric criteria for specific parameters. Results exceeding criteria are considered a water quality violation.
Chloride: > 230 mg/L (chronic)
E. coli: > 88 cts/100 mL – public beach
E. coli: > 406 cts/100 mL – surface waters
Turbidity: > 10 NTU above natural level
pH: between 6.5-8.0 (unless naturally occurring)

Historical Water Quality Trend Analysis

Parameter	Trend	Explanation	Parameter	Trend	Explanation
Conductivity	Worsening	Data significantly increasing.	Chlorophyll-a	Stable	Trend not significant, data moderately variable.
pH (epilimnion)	Stable	Trend not significant; data show low variability.	Transparency	Stable	Trend not significant; data show low variability.
			Phosphorus (epilimnion)	Improving	Data significantly decreasing.





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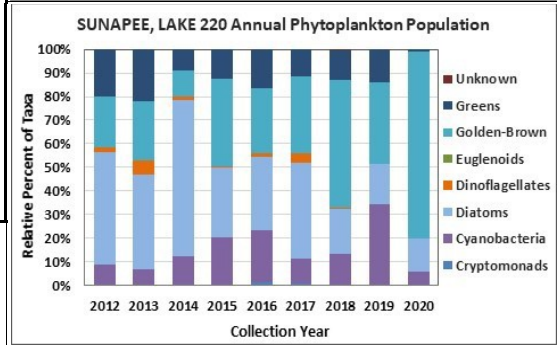
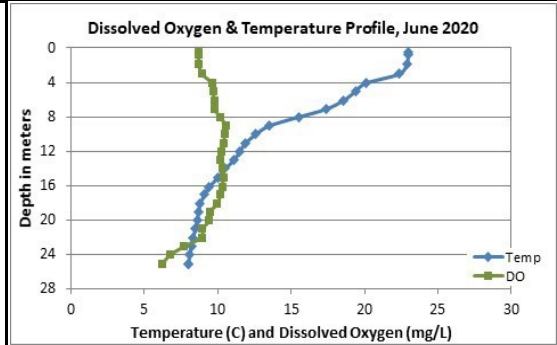
Lake Sunapee, Stn. 220, Sunapee

2020 Data Summary

Recommended Actions: Great job monitoring 2020! Lake conductivity levels have significantly increased (worsened) indicating the use of de-icing materials in the winter is likely impacting lake quality. Continue to encourage local winter maintenance companies to obtain NH Voluntary Salt Applicator licenses through UNH Technology Transfer Center's Green SnowPro Certification. The improving algal growth (chlorophyll) is encouraging and we hope to see this continue. Inventory and prioritize areas susceptible to stormwater runoff and implement best management practices in these areas. Keep up the great work!

Observations (Refer to Table 1 and Historical Deep Spot Data Graphics)

- ◆ **Chlorophyll-a:** Chlorophyll level was within a low range in June, decreased slightly from 2019, and was less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates significantly decreasing (improving) chlorophyll levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Conductivity/Chloride:** Epilimnetic (upper water layer), Metalimnetic (middle water layer) and Hypolimnetic (lower water layer) conductivity levels remained slightly elevated and greater than the state median. Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic chloride levels were slightly greater than the state median, yet much less than the state chronic chloride standard. However historical trend analysis indicates significantly increasing (worsening) conductivity levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Color:** Apparent color was measured in the epilimnion and indicated the lake water was clear in June with little to no tea or brown coloring.
- ◆ **Total Phosphorus:** Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic phosphorus levels fluctuated within a low range in June. Epilimnetic phosphorus level increased slightly from 2019 but remained less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates relatively stable epilimnetic phosphorus levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Transparency:** Transparency was high (good) in June, increased (improved) from 2019, and was much higher (better) than the state median. Historical trend analysis indicates stable transparency since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Turbidity:** Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic turbidity levels fluctuated within a very low range for those stations.
- ◆ **pH:** Epilimnetic and Metalimnetic pH levels were within the desirable range 6.5-8.0 units. Historical trend analysis indicates stable epilimnetic pH levels since monitoring began. Hypolimnetic pH level was approximately equal to the low end of the desirable range.



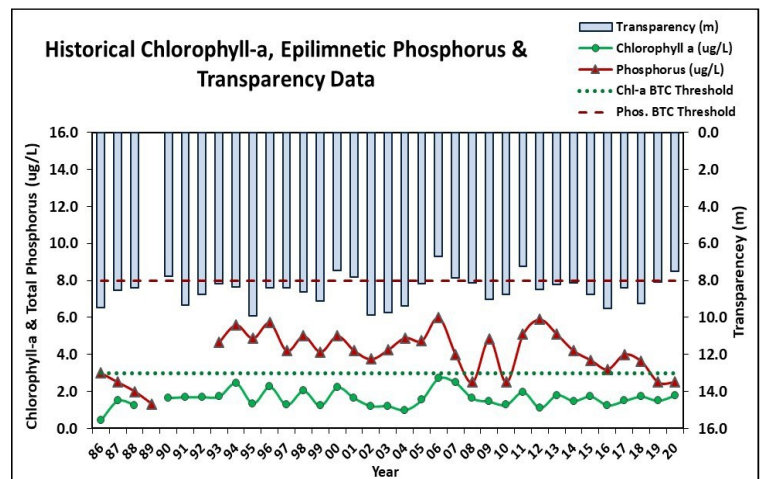
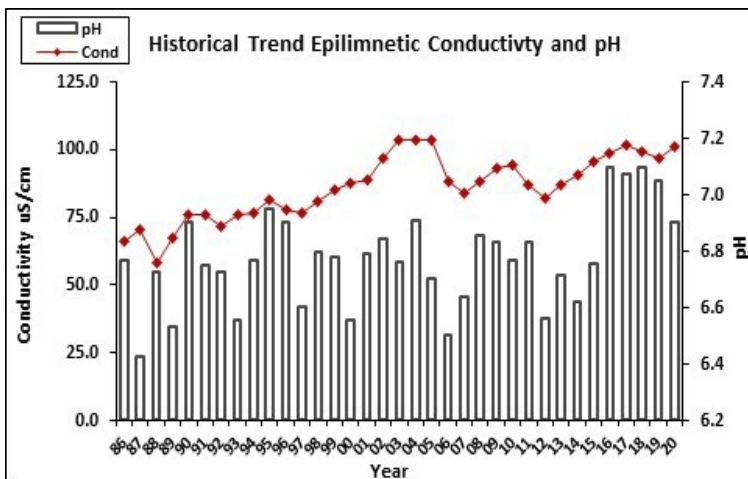
Station Name	Table 1. 2020 Average Water Quality Data for SUNAPEE LAKE - STN. 220								
	Alk. (mg/L)	Chlor-a (ug/L)	Chloride (mg/L)	Color (pcu)	Cond. (us/cm)	Total P (ug/L)	Trans. (m)	Turb. (ntu)	pH
Epilimnion	6.1	0.90	25	10	102.5	6	9.00	0.08	6.79
Metalimnion			25		101.1	5		0.08	6.93
Hypolimnion			25		99.7	7		0.08	6.49

NH Median Values: Median values for specific parameters generated from historic lake monitoring data.
Alkalinity: 4.5 mg/L
Chlorophyll-a: 4.39 ug/L
Conductivity: 42.3 uS/cm
Chloride: 5 mg/L
Total Phosphorus: 11 ug/L
Transparency: 3.3 m
pH: 6.6

NH Water Quality Standards: Numeric criteria for specific parameters. Results exceeding criteria are considered a water quality violation.
Chloride: > 230 mg/L (chronic)
E. coli: > 88 cts/100 mL – public beach
E. coli: > 406 cts/100 mL – surface waters
Turbidity: > 10 NTU above natural level
pH: between 6.5-8.0 (unless naturally occurring)

Historical Water Quality Trend Analysis

Parameter	Trend	Explanation	Parameter	Trend	Explanation
Conductivity	Worsening	Data significantly increasing.	Chlorophyll-a	Improving	Data significantly decreasing.
pH (epilimnion)	Stable	Trend not significant; data show low variability.	Transparency	Stable	Trend not significant; data show low variability.
			Phosphorus (epilimnion)	Stable	Trend not significant, data moderately variable.





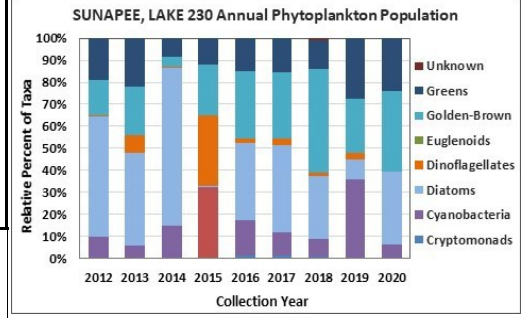
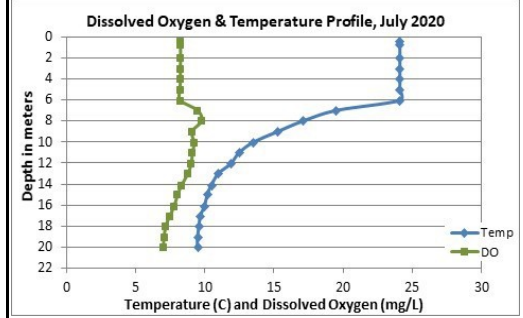
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Lake Sunapee, Stn. 230, Sunapee 2020 Data Summary

Recommended Actions: Great job monitoring in 2020! Lake conductivity levels have significantly increased (worsened) indicating the use of de-icing materials in the winter is likely impacting lake quality. Continue to encourage local winter maintenance companies to obtain NH Voluntary Salt Applicator licenses through UNH Technology Transfer Center's Green SnowPro Certification. The improving epilimnetic pH levels are encouraging as NH surface waters recover from the historical impacts of acid precipitation. For more information on the recovery of NH's surface waters read the NHDES "Acid Rain Status and Trends" report available on the website. Inventory and prioritize areas susceptible to stormwater runoff and implement best management practices in these areas. Keep up the great work!

Observations (Refer to Table 1 and Historical Deep Spot Data Graphics)

- ◆ **Chlorophyll-a:** Chlorophyll level was within a low range in July, remained stable with 2019, and was less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates stable chlorophyll levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Conductivity/Chloride:** Epilimnetic (upper water layer), Metalimnetic (middle water layer) and Hypolimnetic (lower water layer) conductivity levels remained slightly elevated and greater than the state median. Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic chloride levels were slightly greater than the state median, yet much less than the state chronic chloride standard. However historical trend analysis indicates significantly increasing (worsening) conductivity levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Color:** Apparent color measured in the epilimnion indicated the lake water was clear in July with little to no tea, or brown, coloring.
- ◆ **Total Phosphorus:** Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnion phosphorus levels fluctuated within a low range in July. Epilimnetic phosphorus level remained stable with 2019 and was much less than the state median and the threshold for oligotrophic lakes. Historical trend analysis indicates relatively stable epilimnetic phosphorus levels since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Transparency:** Transparency was below average (worse) in June, increased (improved) in July, and then decreased slightly through September. Average transparency decreased slightly from 2018 but was much higher (better) than the state median. Historical trend analysis indicates stable transparency since monitoring began.
- ◆ **Turbidity:** Epilimnetic, Metalimnetic and Hypolimnetic turbidity levels fluctuated within a very low range in July.
- ◆ **pH:** Epilimnetic and Metalimnetic pH levels were within the desirable range 6.5-8.0 units. Historical trend analysis indicates significantly increasing (improving) epilimnetic pH levels since monitoring began. Hypolimnetic pH level was slightly less than desirable.



Station Name	Table 1. 2020 Average Water Quality Data for SUNAPEE LAKE - STN. 230								
	Alk. (mg/L)	Chlor-a (ug/L)	Chloride (mg/L)	Color (pcu)	Cond. (us/cm)	Total P (ug/L)	Trans. (m)	Turb. (ntu)	pH
Epilimnion	6.1	1.25	27	20	100.4	3	9.35	0.08	6.84
Metalimnion			29		98.9	5		0.18	6.73
Hypolimnion			28		97.1	6		0.21	6.13

NH Median Values: Median values for specific parameters generated from historic lake monitoring data.
Alkalinity: 4.5 mg/L
Chlorophyll-a: 4.39 ug/L
Conductivity: 42.3 us/cm
Chloride: 5 mg/L
Total Phosphorus: 11 ug/L
Transparency: 3.3 m
pH: 6.6

NH Water Quality Standards: Numeric criteria for specific parameters. Results exceeding criteria are considered a water quality violation.
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Historical Water Quality Trend Analysis

Parameter	Trend	Explanation	Parameter	Trend	Explanation
Conductivity	Worsening	Data significantly increasing.	Chlorophyll-a	Stable	Trend not significant; data show low variability.
pH (epilimnion)	Improving	Data significantly increasing.	Transparency	Stable	Trend not significant; data show low variability.
			Phosphorus (epilimnion)	Stable	Trend not significant; data moderately variable.

